



**Vendor:** HP

**Exam Code:** HP2-K34

**Exam Name:** Supporting and Servicing HP 3PAR StoreServ  
Solutions Exam

**Version:** DEMO

### QUESTION 1

You are running the SmartStart Installation procedure to install an HP StoreServ 7400 Storage System. Which users, created during the installation process, will have access to this storage system? (Select two.)

- A. 3paradm
- B. 3parcust
- C. 3parAO
- D. 3parSP
- E. 3PARrm

**Answer:** AB

**Explanation:**

<http://bizsupport2.austin.hp.com/bc/docs/support/SupportManual/c03606526/c03606526.pdf>  
(search for 3paradm and 3parcust)

### QUESTION 2

Which zoning rule must be followed to implement Remote Copy over Fibre Channel?

- A. Every FC port used for Remote Copy should be zoned with the hosts whose LUNs are replicating.
- B. All FC ports on odd nodes should be zoned with the FC ports on the even remote node.
- C. A Remote Copy FC port should be zoned to only one other Remote Copy FC port on another system.
- D. All Remote Copy FC ports in a storage server should be placed in the same zone.

**Answer:** D

### QUESTION 3

As a consultant, you are configuring Peer Motion during an initial setup of the HP 3PAR StoreServ systems. What must you consider to ensure the correct configuration of a Peer Motion environment?

- A. Executing the Peer Motion Manager script requires Browse user-rights for the accounts used to log in to the source array and Super user-rights for the destination array.
- B. Two FC switches are required; only fabric connections on initiator ports are supported, and the host and source system must use the same IP protocol version.
- C. The Peer Motion Manager script executes in a command window of Microsoft Windows running on a Peer Motion Manager Server.
- D. The WWN of the VLUNs imported to the new array will become the S/N of the legacy array.

**Answer:** C

### QUESTION 4

Match each description to the correct HP 3PAR StoreServ thin technology.

Thin Built in Zero Detection	<input type="text"/> - allocates capacity only as data is actually written - reclaims unused space associated with deleted data - changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC - reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots - feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly
Thin Conversion	<input type="text"/> - allocates capacity only as data is actually written - reclaims unused space associated with deleted data - changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC - reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots - feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly
Thin Copy Reclamation	<input type="text"/> - allocates capacity only as data is actually written - reclaims unused space associated with deleted data - changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC - reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots - feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly
Thin Persistence	<input type="text"/> - allocates capacity only as data is actually written - reclaims unused space associated with deleted data - changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC - reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots - feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly
Thin Provisioning	<input type="text"/> - allocates capacity only as data is actually written - reclaims unused space associated with deleted data - changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC - reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots - feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly

**Answer:**

Thin Built in Zero Detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- allocates capacity only as data is actually written</li><li>- reclaims unused space associated with deleted data</li><li>- changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC</li><li>- reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots</li><li>- feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly</li></ul>
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**Explanation:**

Thin built in zero detection:

feature of the HP 3PAR ASIC that recognizes and virtualizes blocks of zeros on the fly.

Thin conversion:

changes inefficient volumes on legacy arrays to more efficient, higher-utilization volumes by using the zero-detection capabilities within the HP 3PAR ASIC

Thin copy reclamation:

reclaims unused space resulting from the deletion of virtual copy snapshots.

Thin Persistence:

reclaims unused space associated with deleted data

Thin provisioning:

allocates capacity only as data is actually written

**Reference:**

[http://www.techsoft.at/fileadmin/techsoft/newsletter/dezember\\_2010/3par.pdf](http://www.techsoft.at/fileadmin/techsoft/newsletter/dezember_2010/3par.pdf)

**QUESTION 5**

Which situation prevents you from using SmartStart to install an HP 3PAR StoreServ 7000 system at a customer site?

- A. DHCP is not running in the customer environment
- B. The customer will not allow remote access of the Service Processor
- C. The controller nodes and the service processor are connected to the same network.
- D. All the customer servers are running Windows 2008 R2.

**Answer: D**

**QUESTION 6**

When using notification settings in Service Tools and Technical Support (STaTS). Which task can you perform with Symptom?

- A. Disable a specific notification
- B. Enable a specific notification
- C. Create a notification record.
- D. Manage a set of notifications.

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

<http://bizsupport2.austin.hp.com/bc/docs/support/SupportManual/c03606505/c03606505.pdf>  
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